

Preliminary studies of lightning on Venus

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1 Introduction



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- 2 Lightning on Venus: Background



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- 3 Models

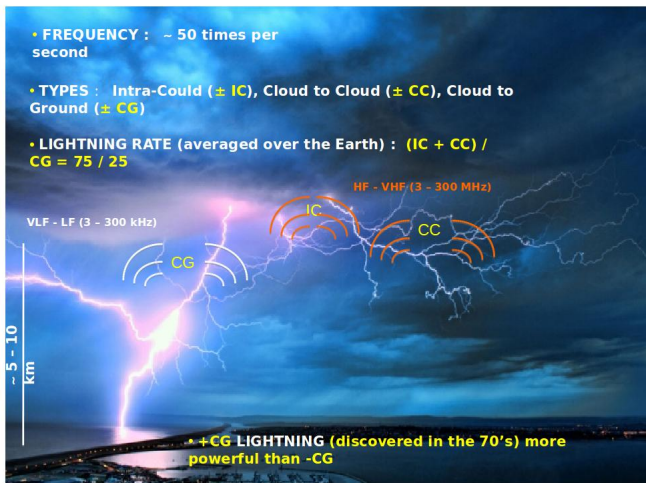


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Lightning



TLEs and TGF

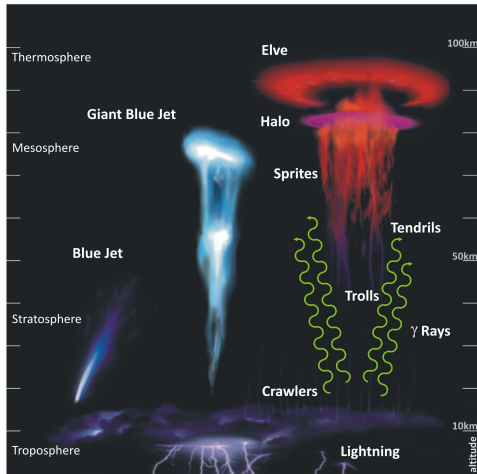


Figure : TLEs and TGF



Background I

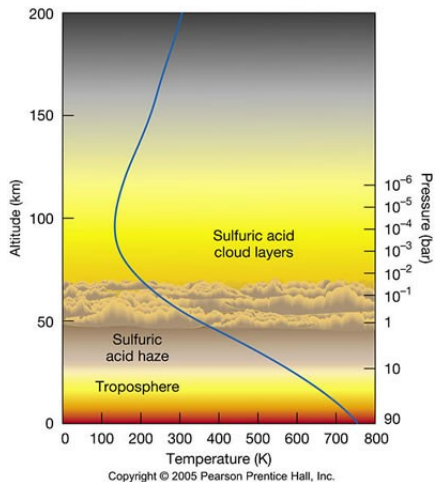


Figure : Venus atmosphere structure



Background II

- Spacecraft and balloon observations:



Background II

- Spacecraft and balloon observations:
- Venera 9-12: Electromagnetic and optical evidence.

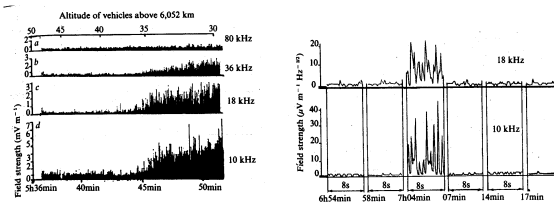


Figure : Venera 11 and 12 observations. Ksanfomaliti et al. (1980)

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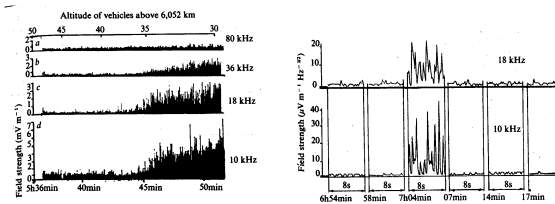


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- Vega 1-2: No evidence.



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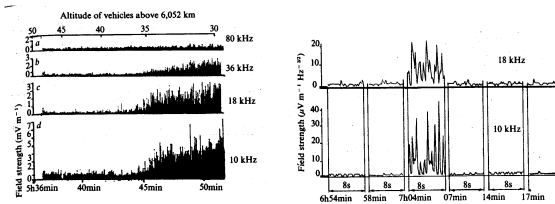


Figure : Venera 11 and 12 observations. Ksanfomaliti et al. (1980)

- Vega 1-2: No evidence.
- Galileo, PVO, Cassini: No evidence.



Background III

- Ground-based telescope observations:

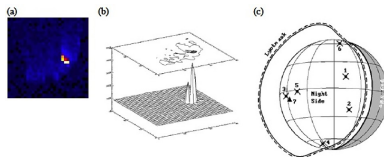


Figure : Example of the CCD image (a) and its response (b) for a flash detected at 777.4 nm. (c) Locations of all 7 flash events. Hansell et al. (1995)



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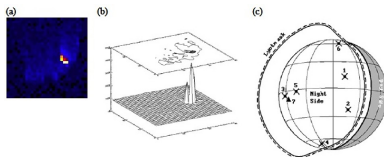


Figure : Example of the CCD image (a) and its response (b) for a flash detected at 777.4 nm. (c) Locations of all 7 flash events. Hansell et al. (1995)

- TEXES spectograph at NASA IRTF: Chemical evidence. Three NO lines. (Krasnopolsky (2005))



Background IV



Figure : Time-integrated emission spectrum obtained at a 1 atm pressure in laboratory simulated lightning on Venus. Robledo et al. (2010)

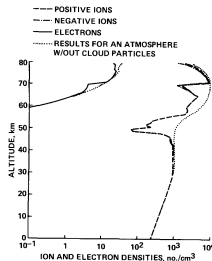


Figure : Calculated values of the ion and electron densities. Borucki et al. (1982)

Background V

| COMPARISON OF TERRESTRIAL AND VENUSIAN LIGHTNING | | |
|---|--------------------------------|--|
| | Earth | Venus |
| Peak optical power (W) | 1.1×10^{10} Ref. 1 | 2.8×10^9 , derived from Ref. 2 |
| Total energy per flash (J) | 5×10^7 Ref. 3 | 10^{10} , Ref. 2 |
| | 7×10^8 Ref. 1 | |
| Stroke duration (sec) | 0.3×10^{-3} Ref. 4 | 0.25, Ref. 2 |
| | 1×10^{-3} Ref. 5 | |
| Planetary flash rate (flashes $\text{km}^{-2} \text{year}^{-1}$) | 2, Ref. 6 | 0.08; lower limit |
| | 7, Ref. 7 | 45, Ref. 9 |
| Energy-dissipation rate (W m^{-2}) | 0.0016 Ref. 8 | 0.014, derived from Ref. 2 0.039, upper limit derived from the PVO star sensor data for a pulse duration of 0.25 sec. |

Note. References: (1) Krider *et al.* (1968); (2) Krasnopolsky (1980); (3) Hill (1979); (4) Uman (1969); (5) Brook and Ogawa (1977); (6) Turman (1978); (7) Kolokolov (1971); (8) Chameides *et al.* (1977); (9) Krasnopolsky (personal communication, 1982).

Figure : Comparison of Terrestrial and Venusan lightning. Borucki. (1982)



Elves

- 3-D Finite-Difference time-domain algorithm:



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 - E and H fields.



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 - Molecular emissions (CO_2 , N_2 , $CO...$).



Elves

- 3-D Finite-Difference time-domain algorithm:
 - E and H fields.
 - Molecular emissions (CO_2 , N_2 , $CO...$).
 - Shape depending on the IC inclination.

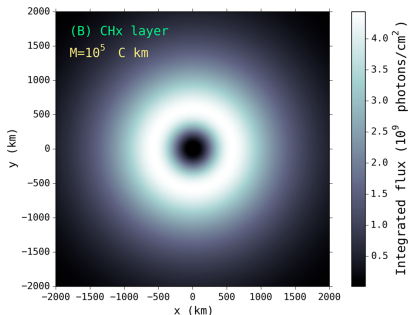


Figure : Simulated elve in Saturn. Luque et al. (2014)



Halos and sprites

- Impact of lightning in the atmosphere of Venus.



Halos and sprites

- Impact of lightning in the atmosphere of Venus.
- Modified Scharfetter-Gummel Algorithm of electron transport coupled with a chemical model.



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- Breakdown field.



Halos and sprites

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- Modified Scharfetter-Gummel Algorithm of electron transport coupled with a chemical model.
- Breakdown field.
- Electron and ions density (CO_2^+ , N_2^+ , O^- , CO_3^- ...)



Lightning model

- Lightning model inside the cloud deck.



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- High temperature chemistry associated with lightning (production of NO_x).



Lightning model

- Lightning model inside the cloud deck.
- High temperature chemistry associated with lightning (production of NO_x).
- Optical emissions ($N II - 617.3 nm$, $O I - 777.4 nm$... lines).



Other areas of interest

- Elves produced by IC on Earth.



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- Elves produced by IC on Earth.
- Impact of IC in the atmosphere of Earth.



Other areas of interest

- Elves produced by IC on Earth.
- Impact of IC in the atmosphere of Earth.
- Elves in Saturn and Jupiter.



Future observations

- ASIM: This mission will give information to improve the current knowledge on TLEs and TGFs on Earth.



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Future observations

- ASIM: This mission will give information to improve the current knowledge on TLEs and TGFs on Earth.
- Akatsuki probe designed by JAXA:
 - It includes a lightning detector (LAC, Lightning and Airglow Camera).
 - The lightning measurements will be made in the strong 777.4 nm atomic oxygen line.

